

Annual Report

Uppsala Model United Nations



2019

Foreword:	3
Project description	4
Committees and Scenarios	4
General Assembly	5
Topic A:	5
Topic B:	5
World Health Organisation	5
Topic A:	6
Topic B	6
Security Council	6
Topic A	7
Topic B	7
Speakers	7
Carl Skau	7
Dr. Martina Klimes	8
Andrea Feuer	8
Dr. Otto Cars	8
Social Events	8
Organisational Structure	9
Roles and Teams	9
The Presidium	9
The Team Leader	9
The Team Member	9
Teams	10
The Events Team	10
The Communications and Liaison Team	10
The Logistics and Sponsorship Team	10
The Scenario Team	10
Timeline	10
The Host Team 2019	11
Presidium	11
Scenario Team	11
Logistics & Sponsorship Team	11
Events Team	11
Liaison & Communications Team	11
Partners	11
The Uppsala Association of International Affairs	11

United Nations Association of Uppsala	12
Uppsala University	12
Stockholm Model United Nations	12
Uppsala House of Peace	12
Sponsors	12
Hmm Kombucha	12
Lindvalls Kaffe	12
Curry Buddies	12
Bosphorus	12
FORMO AB	13
Planti	13
Proteinbolaget	13
English Bookshop	13
United Nations Association Sweden	13
Norrlands Nation	13
Västgöta Nation	13
Development & Evaluation	13
Institutional Development	13
Delegate & Chair Evaluation	15
Host Team Evaluation	15
Statistics	16
Gender Distribution	16
Distribution of Age	17
Chart 3 - Age Distribution	17
Prior Experience	18
Nationality	19
Studies	19
Economic Report	20
Funding applications	21
Income and Expenses	21
Final Comments and the Future of Uppsala Model United Nations	23

Foreword:

The Uppsala Model United Nations Presidium, Emma Hansen and KlaraLinnea Tronders, want to acknowledge that Uppsala Model United Nations 2019 would never have been made a reality without everyone who undertook this journey together with us, therefore, we want to convey the extent of our gratitude to our,

Dedicated partners at Uppsala University, Uppsala House of Peace and Uppsala Municipality, for supporting us in showing the best parts of Uppsala, the beautiful university main building, the Uppsala Castle, and for making the gasque affordable for all students.

Committed financiers at Folke Bernadotte Akademin and Uppsala Municipality that provided the financial support for Uppsala Model United Nations 2019 to become a reality.

Prominent Partner Organisations, the Uppsala Association of Foreign Affairs and the United Nations Association of Uppsala for support and collaboration.

Precursing Presidiums' of Uppsala Model United Nations for paving the way for this year's conference.

Worthy sponsors, Curry Buddies, Bosphorus, Västgöta Nation, Norrlands Nation, Planti, English Bookshop, Formo, Humm Kombucha, Lindvalls Kaffe, Proteinbolaget, United Nations Association of Sweden, for providing sponsored products and discounts.

Commendable Committee Presidents, for presiding over the negotiation process, and with great compassion, guiding our delegates through the Rules of Procedure.

Esteemed Speakers, for being prime examples of the true meaning of integrity and sharing with us your hard-earned insights from the field of international affairs.

Valiant Volunteers, for presiding over the diplomatic channels of communication, preventing the risk of caffeine deficiency and ensuring that the conference ran smoothly.

Distinguished Delegates, for demonstrating courage, dedicating yourselves to exploring contemporary challenges facing our generation at Uppsala Model United Nations 2019.

Honorable Host Team, for your unrelenting effort, in what at times seemed to be a perpetual to-do list, your unyielding support for each other and your unwavering commitment to ensuring the ultimate success of this year's Uppsala Model United Nations.

Uppsala Model United Nations 2019

Project description

Uppsala Model United Nations (UMUN) is an annual model United Nations (MUN) conference that takes place in Uppsala. The conference aims to institutionalize a sustainable, long term engagement of young people regarding the role of the United Nations in providing solutions to current challenges to peace, security and achieving the sustainable development goals and anchor this locally in Uppsala. The conference further aspires to anchor the legacy and vision of the Second United Nations Secretary General, Dag Hammarskjöld in his hometown of Uppsala and share it with the world.

The conference is organised as a collaborative project between the Uppsala Association of Foreign Affairs (UF Uppsala) and The United Nations Association in Uppsala (UNA Uppsala). The project is governed by the jointly agreed upon governing document “Styrdokument”. UF Uppsala appoints the President and UNA Uppsala appoints the Vice President of UMUN, these appointments shall be acceptable to both organizations as the President and Vice President form the UMUN Presidium. The Presidium is granted high levels of autonomy in undertaking the project and recruiting a Host Team. The President is ultimately responsible that the project is undertaken in line with the “Styrdokument”. This includes, among other things that the project is to be undertaken in line with §2.1 of the UF Uppsala Statute, which states that UF Uppsala and the association's activities including UMUN should be part-political and religious unbound, and rely on the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the European Convention of Human Rights.

Committees and Scenarios

This year's conference was set up in three different committees which covered two scenarios each, the United Nations General Assembly (GA), the World Health Organisation (WHO) and Security Council (SC). The different committees were organized in different levels of difficulty, starting with the GA at beginner's level, the WHO at intermediate and the SC at advanced level. This made it possible for the delegates to apply to a committee according to their previous experience. The negotiations in committees are undertaken according to authentic Rules of Procedure derived from the United Nations in Geneva, as such delegates are both introduced to pressing issues within international affairs and challenged to undertake negotiations as they would have commenced in the United Nations.

In line with UMUNs commitments to its financiers' and partner organisations the scenarios aim to highlight Global Security and the thematic areas “young, peace and security” through increasing knowledge and engagement. The UN simulation of UMUN offered a great forum for young people to expand both their knowledge and engagement regarding these topics. Below, the different scenarios of each committee are described briefly.

General Assembly

The General Assembly (GA) is one of the six main organs of the United Nations. The GA is unique in that all member states are represented in this forum, based on a one nation, one vote principle. The General Assembly discusses a wide range of issues concerning international development, sustainability, peace, humanitarian issues and security. The GA served as a beginners committee at Uppsala Model United Nations 2019.

- Topic A:

Topic A in the General Assembly consisted of *Global Solutions to Human Trafficking in Regions of Conflict*. Human trafficking is the recruitment, transportation, harbouring or receipt of persons for the purpose of exploitation. Human trafficking encompasses sexual exploitation, forced labour, modern slavery and organ trafficking. Each year, thousands of men, women and children become victims of such crimes. Human trafficking is a grave human rights violation that is multifaceted and transnational. Every country is affected in some way by human trafficking, either by the origin, transit or destination of its trafficked persons. People in conflict regions are especially vulnerable to this kind of exploitation. The complex nature of human trafficking asks for a multilateral response. The task of the General Assembly is to formulate global solutions to human trafficking from conflict areas.

- Topic B:

Topic B in the General Assembly consisted of *Water Security as a means to Stabilise the Sahel Region*. The Sahel has been a region of conflict for decades. Many efforts have been made to stabilize the region, but this has not always been successful. The Sahel has a semi-arid climate of which the negative effects are increased by climate change. Water scarcity is a reality for many in this region. In the past years, there has been a rise in attention for the water-security nexus, regarding water security as a crucial aspect for maintaining or creating peace. Situations of water stress can trigger conflict by leading to civil unrest, violence and exploitation, while access to safe water sources can be an opportunity for negotiating peace. In an effort to create opportunities for regional and national peace in the Sahel, the General Assembly is asked to negotiate water security in the Sahel region.

World Health Organisation

Officially founded in 1948, the World Health Organization (WHO) was a manifestation of an idea that had gained traction over the previous decades to establish an international body to monitor and improve global health. Its predecessor, the League of Nations Health Organization, had struggled to gain support from some of the larger world powers, and had thus insufficiently addressed the global health concerns caused by World War I. With its establishment the WHO sought not only to address the direct concerns and consequences of World War II, but also to create a body that would unify the various regional health and nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) to secure a fundamental pillar to peace and security: the improvement of public health. Every Member State is represented by the principle of “one state, one vote” in the World Health Assembly (WHA). According to Article 22 of the WHO constitution: “Regulations adopted pursuant to Article 21 shall come into force for all Members after due notice has

been given of their adoption of the Health Assembly except for such Members as may notify the Director-General of rejection or reservations within the period stated in the notice.” The WHA also has the power to create committees to look into specific health related problems.

- **Topic A:**

Topic A in the World Health Organisation consisted of *Antibiotic Resistance*. Often called the “miracle drug”, the discovery of antibiotics is considered one of the most important advancements in modern medicine. It has allowed doctors to quickly, easily, and cost effectively treat patients with bacterial infections which previously had no other cure. Antibiotics also paved the way for the development of highly invasive procedures, such as surgery; since death by infection before the discovery of antibiotics was very high. Over the past 30 years, as novel antibiotics have been increasingly difficult to find and bacterial resistance has grown, the antibiotics that doctors, patients, health care experts and politicians have come to rely upon are becoming more and more ineffective. Despite the scientific community’s warnings, it is only in the last decade that global policy leaders have focused on this issue as a high priority. In the context of the United Nations, this has become especially true given that antibiotic resistance could jeopardize the attainment of many of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals.

- **Topic B**

Topic B consisted of *CRISPR and the Future of Genetic Modification*. On November 28, 2018, Professor Jiankui He of China stood in front of a throng of reporters, scientists and policymakers. He was there to give a presentation about the claim that he had genetically modified a human embryo using a new gene-editing technique called CRISPR- Cas 9 (CRISPR) in order to prevent the inheritance of HIV from an HIV positive father to twin daughters. Although the news of He’s actions garnered worldwide attention, many in the scientific community were unsurprised that someone had made such an attempt. CRISPR was and is revolutionizing the ease and rapidity in which scientists make changes to DNA. In the minds of many scientists, that some rogue scientist would use CRISPR to edit human embryos was not a matter of if, but when. He’s actions, however, were widely condemned by not only scientists, but bioethicists, policy leaders and faith leaders. Many believe that he had crossed established norms for the ethical practice of biotechnology. CRISPR and its eventual successors, have and will continue to radically change what molecular scientists have the power to do. Since CRISPR is a relatively new development in the field of genetic modification, it is important to first understand the current national and international policy framework surrounding traditional gene editing technique in order to put the CRISPR debate into context.

Security Council

The Security Council (SC) is the body primarily responsible for international peace and security at the United Nations. It is the only body with the power to impose resolutions that are binding for all of the UN member states. The issues discussed in the Security Council are of both regional and thematic nature, but with maintained focus on peace and security. Furthermore, the Security Council is a body with a specific dynamic that holds great power and an important instrument in the pursuit of global peace and security.

- Topic A

Topic A consisted of *Women, Peace and Security (WPS)*. Special problems facing women and girls in conflict ridden areas Civilian women and girls face different risks and dangers in armed conflict compared to those faced by civilian men and boys. Women do not in most cases take part in combat and largely remain unarmed and unprotected in times of conflict. This at a time when traditional forms of moral, community and institutional safeguard have disintegrated, and weapons have proliferated, leads to women being particularly vulnerable during wartime (UN 2002).

- Topic B

The state of Libya can be said to have its origins in 1912, when Italy made it a colony by merging together the three territories of Tripolitania, Cyrenaica and Fezzan it had occupied after the Italo-Turkish war. After the second world war, Libya was governed by Britain and France. Independence came in 1951 under the rule of King Idris. In the late 1950s large oil resources were found by western companies, which today is estimated Africa's largest, and the world's ninth largest. Oil forms the backbone of the national economy. King Idris once commented the discovery: "I wish you had found water. Water makes men work. Oil makes men dream" (Wehrey 2018:12).

Speakers

The conference commenced with an opening ceremony with speeches from the President and Vice President of Uppsala Model United Nations Emma Hansen and Klara Linnea Tronders, the President of UNA Uppsala Mona Strindberg and the President of UF Uppsala Maia Bishop. Furthermore, these were accompanied by longer speeches and Q&As from the guest lectures Carl Skau and Martina Klimes.

After the opening ceremony the committees got to listen to accomplished individuals speaking about the different topics they very going to tackle the coming days during the conference. Dr. Martina Klimes spoke in the GA about water diplomacy, Dr. Otto Cars spoke in the WHO about antibiotic resistance and Andrea Feuer spoke in the SC about the current situation in Libya.

The closing ceremony was held on the Sunday and speakers included the UMUN President and Vice President, Secretary General and the Chairs of each committee when handing out delegate awards and nominations.

Below the different guest speakers and their experiences are described briefly.

Carl Skau

Carl Skau is an Ambassador and a special envoy for Venezuela. He was a former Deputy Representative for Sweden in the UN Security Council. Skau has over 20 years of experience from working with the UN, the EU and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in Latin America and Africa in particular. As a Swedish Ambassador to the Security Council and Spokesperson, Carl Skau has useful experiences to share and has a unique perspective on this year's themes.

Dr. Martina Klimes

Martina Klimes has over 12 years of experience working with dialogue facilitation, conflict management and resolution, and informal diplomacy processes, including practical work in the field (Southeast Asia, Northeast Asia, Middle East). At Stockholm International Water Institute, Klimes is an Advisor for Water and Peace. She currently advises the Institute on transboundary basins affected by water scarcity, political tensions, and armed violence. During her presentations at Uppsala Model United Nations, she drew from her experiences in the field to show how water diplomacy works in a world that is facing challenges to environmental sustainability, security, and global equality.

Andrea Feuer

Andrea Feuer is a Desk Officer at the Department of the Middle East and North Africa, at the Swedish Department of Foreign Affairs. She is focused on North Africa and Libya in particular. Delegates in the Security Council had the unique opportunity to ask questions relevant to the topics being discussed and Andrea shared her interesting experience.

Dr. Otto Cars

Otto Cars is a Senior Professor at Uppsala University specialising in Infectious Diseases. His research is focused within the antibiotics field: the structure of antibiotics, dosing regimes, and resistance mechanisms. Cars is a Founding Director of ReAct, an independent entity advocating solution for antibiotic-related problems and was a chair for STRAMA, the Swedish strategic programme against antibiotic resistance. Among other things, he discussed the trials and tribulations of health diplomacy during his presentation at Uppsala Model United Nations.

Social Events

UMUN usually always offer evening activities during the conference. This is a nice way for participants and host team to get to know each other.

During the first day, UMUN hosted a mingle at Uppsala House of Peace, located in the Uppsala Castle. UMUN offered snacks from Curry Buddies, a food company who has sponsored UMUN before. In the House of Peace, there is an exhibition on Dag Hammarskjöld, which seemed fitting, and it was appreciated by our participants.

During the friday night we arranged for everyone to go bowling. We wanted an indoor activity, since the swedish weather still was quite cold. The bowling turned out to be very much appreciated, as it was a nice way to relax after intense debates during the day, and a fun way to continue to get to know each other. The bowling place allowed us to stay an extra half hour for free, which was very much appreciated.

The annual gasque, the diplomat's dinner, took place on the saturday. It was held at Västmanland-Dala Nation. UMUN has since 2018 chosen to offer vegetarian or vegan food, and the gasque was no exception. The gasque was attended by most UMUN participants (the fee for the gasque was separated from the conference fee), as well as other guests. Some of the guests were representatives from other student organisations, the municipality of Uppsala and former presidents of UMUN. The evening was a success.

Organisational Structure

The Host Team is organized by different roles based on hierarchical level of responsibility within different teams, based on different thematic areas. The different roles are: Presidium, Team Leader and Team Member and the different teams are Events, Communications, Liaison, Logistics, Scenario and Sponsorship. This year, the sponsorship team was merged with the logistics team and the liaison team merged with the communications team. This was because previous years have found that those teams have had to have a very close collaboration, and that merging the teams would make it easier.

Roles and Teams

Description of roles and teams:

The Presidium

The presidium is responsible for acquiring funding and accounting. Furthermore, it includes: undertaking the recruitment of the project team, the planning, implementation, evaluation as well as reporting on the project. The responsibility includes leading the Host Team and guiding the Team Leaders throughout the project that stretches over two semesters. The President and the Vice President together form the Presidium.

The Team Leader

The team leader is responsible for leading a team and include: planning, undertaking and delegating the work, hosting team-meetings and as well as engaging in continuous dialogue with the Presidium on matters of implementation, in a manner that ensures the ultimate success of the conference.

The Team Member

The team member is responsible for successfully implementing, effectively engaging and constructively contributing to the work undertaken in the team, in a manner that ensures the ultimate success of the conference.

Teams

The Events Team

The events team is responsible for organizing all social events, including a mingle at the Uppsala castle and the Diplomat's dinner as well as organizing the social activities for the Host Team. This includes establishing & fostering a large number of relationships with Uppsala student nations and organizations within the field of international affairs.

The Communications and Liaison Team

The communication/liaison team is responsible for external communications through social and traditional media, this includes: copywriting, artwork & design, photography & film, as well as developing and updating the website. It also includes responsibility for the communication with the participants to the conference, including: registration of applications, undertaking continuous dialogue on issues ranging from arranging housing to processing visa applications, as well as developing and compiling all relevant mailings and application forms. Furthermore, the team is also responsible for the Volunteer Program.

The Logistics and Sponsorship Team

The logistics/sponsorship team was responsible for the smooth operation of the conference. The logistics team was primarily in charge of two things, the logistics of the conference and the contact with sponsors. The team worked with arranging a schedule with assignments for the Host Team during the conference and amongst other things, creating the delegate name tags and the country placards. The team is also responsible for sponsors, including, establishing new as well as fostering partnerships with sponsors.

The Scenario Team

The scenario team is responsible for developing realistic scenarios that serve as the basis of the UN-Simulation as well as recruiting chairs to lead the negotiations as well as relevant speakers. The team decided on the overarching theme of the conference to be "Contemporary challenges to environmental sustainability, security and global equality" and formulated two scenarios per committee based on the thematic areas of the FBA and the Sustainable Development Goals were successfully integrated into the scenarios.

Timeline

The selection process was initiated by UF Uppsala and UNA Uppsala in June of 2018 and the Presidium was officially elected in the beginning of autumn. This followed a handover held by the UMUN 2018 President, funding applications and opening up the recruitment of a host team. The host team was established in the beginning of October 2018 and the work to complete the conference was initiated in the different working groups.

The work carried out by the Host Team focused on three recruitment periods, in December - January, January - February and one in March, where delegates were able to apply to take part in the conference. Each recruitment period led the Host Team to be present around campus on Uppsala University as well as on social media to increase awareness about the conference among relevant target groups. In parallel, all the preparations were undertaken, drafting scenarios and delegate information packages, logistics in regard to food and housing for participants, planning social events, recruiting sponsors and speakers as well as fostering relationships between local and national student associations and organizations within international affairs.

The Host Team 2019

Presidium

Emma Hansen (President), KlaraLinnea Tronders (Vice President)

Scenario Team

Marije ten Have, Erik Palm Everett, Gustav Eurenus

Logistics & Sponsorship Team

Elin Eriksson

Events Team

Jinny Lee, Alice Leiding

Liaison & Communications Team

Amanda Blomster, Eleonora Stålhammar, Love-Lis Liljeström

Partners

The Uppsala Association of International Affairs

UF Uppsala is one of the two partner organisations responsible for UMUN. The project relies on the organisational infrastructure of UF Uppsala, in addition to this, the organisation has provided invaluable guidance throughout the project. Furthermore, UF Uppsala promotes the project throughout its communication channels.

United Nations Association of Uppsala

UNA Uppsala is the second partner organisation responsible for UMUN. The project relies on the expertise and guidance provided throughout the project. Furthermore, the UNA promotes the project through its communication channels.

Uppsala University

Uppsala University has partnered with UMUN 2019. They have provided discounts on rooms during the conference as well as provided strong support for the vision of bringing the United Nations to Uppsala. The university was excellent in assisting UMUN both before the conference, and during. They gave us a tour of the venue, as well as a tech demonstration. They were also kind enough to let us use one of the rooms for free during the weekend, which was deeply appreciated.

Stockholm Model United Nations

Stockholm Model United Nations is the projects sister Model United Nations and have provided continuous support and guidance in undertaking the project as well as undertaking a joint Mock MUN in Uppsala and inviting a delegation to each MUN's respective Diplomats Dinner.

Uppsala House of Peace

The Uppsala House of Peace have during a long time supported the work of Uppsala Model United Nations and is, through its exhibitions, a big part in enabling the participants to take part of the legacy of the Second Secretary General Dag Hammarskjöld.

Sponsors

Hmm Kombucha

Sponsor of Kombucha, a flavored fermented drink.

Lindvalls Kaffe

Sponsor of coffee from Uppsala.

Curry Buddies

Official sponsor of discounted Samosas.

Bosphorus

Gave a discount on food for lunches.

FORMO AB

Gave a discount on the medals.

Planti

A vegan smoothie company, sponsored UMUN with drinks, pens and pins.

Proteinbolaget

A company producing protein and energy products. Sponsored UMUN with energy drinks.

English Bookshop

A book shop in Uppsala. Sponsored UMUN with books.

United Nations Association Sweden

Sponsored UMUN with folders, notepads and pens.

Norrlands Nation

Helped UMUN arrange one of the lunches during the conference.

Västgöta Nation

Helped UMUN arrange one of the lunches during the conference.

Development & Evaluation

Institutional Development

This Presidium of Uppsala Model United Nations 2019 have focused further on increasing the institutional knowledge within the project and finding ways of transferring this knowledge to the next Presidium. Continuing the work of the previous Host Team with Guiding Documents Such as “Team Mission Statements” and “Roles Descriptions” the Host Team have worked hard with developing “Handover documents”, which will provide a basis for the new teams to work with. The presidium of 2019 have along with the host team also developed roles of senior advisors. The point of this is to make sure all of the knowledge from previous teams gets passed on. The Senior Advisors will consist of previous presidium and host team members, who will be available for questions and guidance.

The host team continued with implementing the “Code of Conduct” and assigned the President of 2018 as an Ombudsperson to oversee the enforcement. Having an ombudsperson who is not part of the team, and whom the team does not meet on a regular basis ensures the integrity of the project.

This year, UMUN wanted to show an integral part of the student life in Uppsala. Therefore, on one of the days of the conference, everyone had lunch at two different student nations, an Uppsala tradition. This showed a different side of the nations than the one you see in the evenings, and was greatly appreciated by the participants.

Furthermore, the 2019 Presidium initiated a process together with UF Uppsala and UNA Uppsala to have the two organisations update the “Styrdokument” governing Uppsala Model United Nations. This new version is meant to clarify: the division of responsibility between the two partner organizations, the responsibility of UMUN towards the two partner organizations and the structure of how UMUN is organized. The updated Styrdokument is hopefully adopted by the two organisations in the beginning of September 2019.

Preceding that the updated Styrdokument come into effect, this year’s Presidium has together with the two partner organisations already undertaken recruitment of the Presidium of 2020. To complete recruitment before the summer/autumn should be the goal of any UMUN Presidium and the partner organizations, as this provides sufficient time for the incoming Presidium to undertake appropriate preparations.

UMUN’s collaboration with UF Uppsala has developed, and the two organisations are now even more integrated to each other. One of the reasons being that UMUN now is included in UF economy, and the two organisations now apply for grants together. The collaboration is also strengthened by UMUN being more integrated in the organisation and by closer contact between Host Team members of UMUN and board members and trustees within UF Uppsala.

UMUN would like to express gratitude to Uppsala University, especially the staff at Uppsala University’s main building. The relationship there has always been a positive one, and this year they did not only manage to give us discounts on the rooms we rented, but UMUN even rent one of the rooms free of charge, which has been greatly appreciated. UMUN is determined to continue having a positive relationship with the university and university main building.

This year, UMUN made sure to have recruited the host team before the deadline for applying to Stockholm Model United Nations (SMUN). Therefore, some people in the host team attended SMUN as delegates, and got to see that aspect of the conference, and some people attended as visitors one day to learn more about their roles from people in the SMUN host team. This was a great opportunity for the host team to see a Model UN take place, and to take notes of what they liked and what they thought could be improved. It was greatly appreciated by the host team, as it also helped develop the team spirit of the group. UMUN and SMUN also held a joint mock-mun, where the teams got to try the debating format together with a few of the chairs, which also was appreciated.

UMUN have had volunteers in previous years, but during this conference a volunteer program was established. One person from the UMUN host team was assigned the role of volunteer manager, and created a schedule for each individual volunteer. The individual schedule made sure that the volunteers got a well-rounded view of the conference, and that they saw the different aspects. The schedule made sure that all volunteers had equal amounts of time in all different committee rooms, and that every volunteer had the same amount of work outside of the committee rooms, doing various chores, including cleaning, picking up deliveries etc. The volunteer manager was the point of contact for both the volunteers and everyone else, which led to easy communication. If one needed a volunteer for a specific task, the volunteer manager could assign one, and therefore, have an overview over who was doing what.

All volunteers were awarded a diploma for their participation, and overall, the program was much appreciated by everyone involved.

Delegate & Chair Evaluation

Participants were asked to fill out an anonymous evaluation form. The first part consists of a set of basic questions, including which committee they had been part of and MUN experience. The second part consists of a series of questions concerning the committees, the rules of procedure, the social activities, lunches, the opening and keynote conference and the overall organization of the conference and whether or not they would consider applying to next year's UMUN.

The evaluation collected 28 responses out of 54 delegates and 6 chairs.

Host Team Evaluation

The Host Team was asked to fill out a separate evaluation form. Many of the Host Team members did not have previous MUN experience and many expressed that their expectations were surpassed, that they learnt a lot about the United Nations and about being part of organizing a larger project. Host Team members described that the organisation of the planning was well undertaken. However, a feeling that the project was intense was recurring, as well as the fact that the roles often included more administrative tasks than most had expected, which is understandable as the conference was prepared in less than six months after the Host Team was recruited.

Host Team members expressed that the largest challenges occurred when team members were unable to participate in the preparations in the same capacity, due to studies, travel or other reasons. This is something that can be further stressed in the recruitment process and that can be improved by increasing the length of the project, although it is a problem that is difficult to avoid completely as everyone are volunteers.

Previous years, the meeting structure has mostly revolved around sit down meetings where information and updates were shared. Although those meetings are necessary, this year UMUN started holding more "workshop" style meetings. This meant that the presidium would be available for a set amount of hours, and the different team members could drop in and out of the workshop and coordinate with other teams to

do shared work. UMUN found this style of meeting very efficient, since you could easily work across the teams with overlapping work, and easily ask each other questions as needed. A combination of these meeting styles was a good mixture for our team.

This years' team was smaller than the previous year, but about the same size as in 2017. Last year the team included 25 people, which meant that it was difficult to gather the whole team for meetings, and also meant that the responsibilities were a bit blurred. Therefore, UMUN of 2019 consisted of a smaller team, with 12 members, including the presidium. This worked well since it was easier to gather the team, everyone got to know each other, and the responsibilities were clearer. However, the workload for some team members was a bit much at times, it worked well over time, but we would recommend a team of around 12 team members, excluding the presidium for coming years.

Statistics

This year, the conference had 54 participating delegates from many different countries and universities. This was an increase in delegates by ten people from 2018. UMUN wishes to grow even further, but were still happy with the increased participation from the year before.

This year, all six committee presidents were recruited from outside the host team, which meant an increase in outside committee presidents by two people from 2018.

This year, the host team consisted of ten host team members, and two people in the presidium, which is explained in further detail on the page above.

This years' gasque had 97 participants, including delegates, host team, guest from associated organisations, a guest from the municipality of Uppsala and guests from other student organisations. At the gasque, there was a dance group performing from Västmanland-Dala nation, which is where the gasque was held. Two of the dancers also attended the gasque.

UMUN had 8 Volunteers in total, although not everyone was present each day. There was around 7 volunteers present each day.

Gender Distribution

The common guideline is to strive for gender balance within the project. Females are still in the majority for the project but we have seen some progress this year in achieving a more equal distribution of genders.

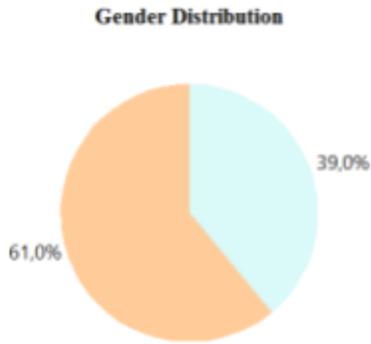


Chart 1 - Gender Distribution

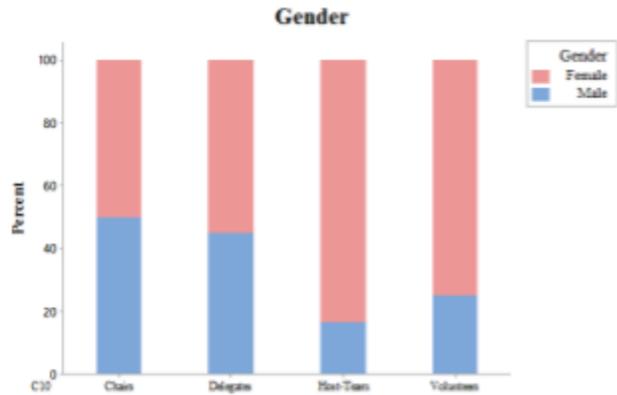


Chart 2 - Gender

Chart 1 describes the overall gender distribution for the project. According to the chart, there is a small majority of female participants (61%) as compared to male participants (39%).

What we can see in Chart 2 is that the gender distribution varies within the different groups. The most equal distribution is for the chairs since there were 3 females and 3 males. The Host Team were the least equal, consisting of 10 females and only 2 men. The same goes for the volunteers with the distribution of 75% females and 25% males. As for the delegates, the distribution was 55% females and 45% males. This is an improvement from last year where the gender distribution for the delegates was 69% of females and 31% males.

Distribution of Age

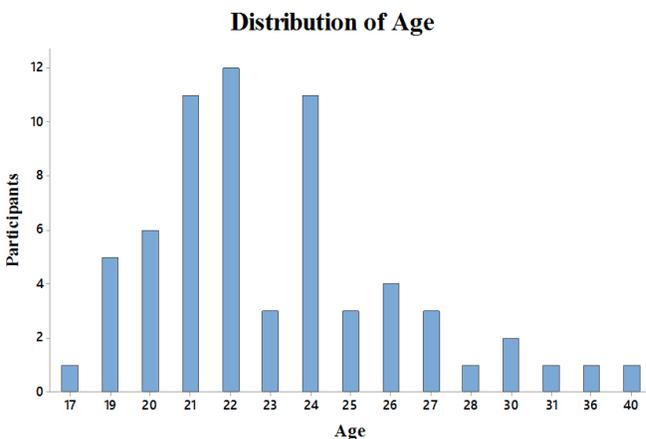


Chart 3 - Age Distribution

Chart 3 describes the overall age distribution for the project, including delegates, chairs, volunteers and host team.

According to Chart 3 – Age Distribution, the average age of all participants was 23 years. This is very satisfactory, since it is an explicit goal of the conference is to attract under-graduate students. It is important to spread the MUN knowledge as early as possible in a student’s university career to enable multiple participations as well as the creation of a solid MUN experienced student body. What is interesting to point out is that even though the average age is 23 some older people participated as well, and even if the goal is to attract young people it is lovely to see that this event is something that can be enjoyed for people of different ages.

Prior Experience

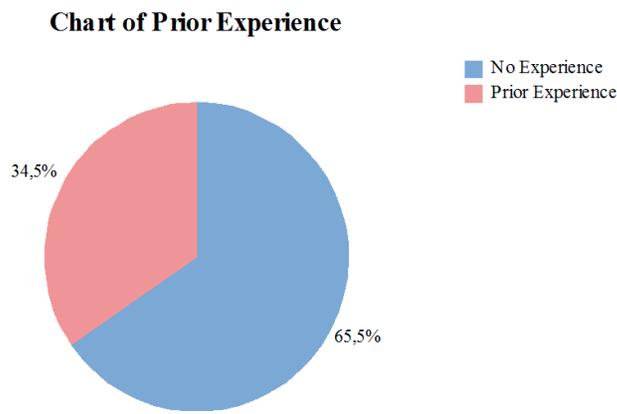


Chart 4 - Prior Experience

Chart 4 describes the prior experience of the delegates that participated in UMUN 2019. Since it is a requirement for the Chairs to have prior experience they are not included in this chart. This is of particular importance as we try to strike a balance between the need to attract new and inexperienced students to our MUN while still keeping the academic quality and thus level of experience as high as possible. This is particularly important for committees like the Security Council, which traditionally attract more experienced delegates. This year the project team focused on reaching out to new first-time delegates to attract to UMUN and we can see that being reflected in the chart. The balance of experienced and first-times delegates for this conference bodes well for future conferences.

Nationality

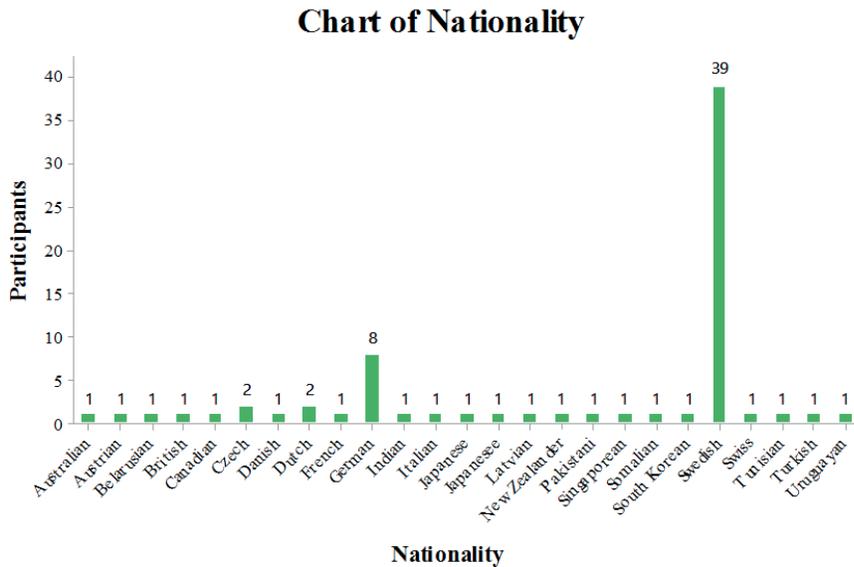


Chart 5 - Nationalities

Uppsala Model United Nations is an event that gathers people from all over the world. Chart 5 describes all nationalities represented in the project, including Host Team, Delegates, Chairs and Volunteers. In total people were of 25 different nationalities which is in line with the representations from previous years. In 2018 there were 27 different nationalities and in 2017 there were 24 different nationalities. This shows strong international representation since 45,8% were from other nations than Sweden. This contributes to the international atmosphere of the conference and facilitates participants to form an international social network.

Studies

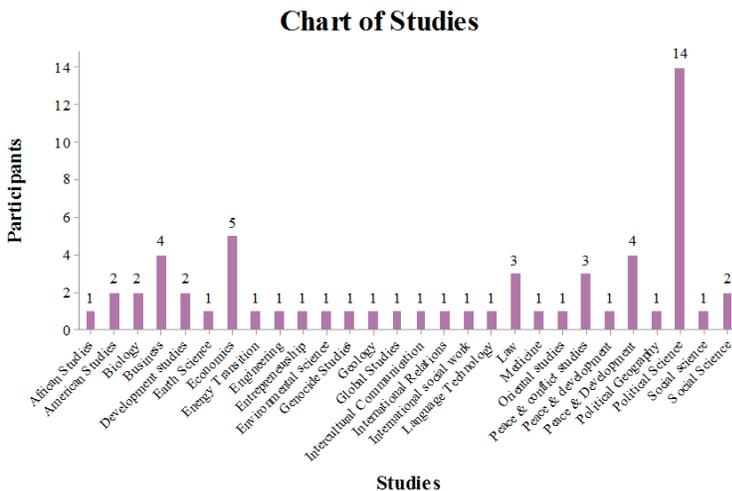


Chart 6 - Studies

For this conference we asked the participants to inform us about what they are studying. It is interesting to see from what areas of study people are interested to participate in UMUN. As we can see in chart 6 this year there was a wide range of studies represented which we are happy about. We can also see that there is a higher representation of students that are studying in areas related to the subjects that the project addresses. For future conferences the goal is to increase higher participation from other study areas as well, since it is in the utmost importance to engage people from various fields in contemporary challenges we need to face.

Information

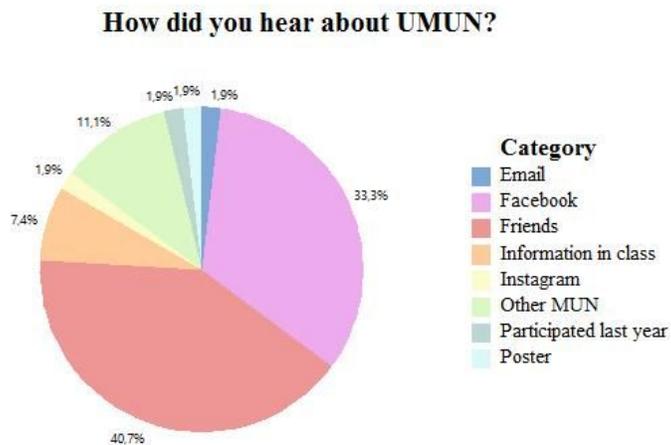


Chart 7 - Information

Chart 7 describes how the participants of this year's conference heard about UMUN. The chart includes answers from Host Team, Chairs, Delegates and Volunteers. According to the chart most people heard about the conference either through their friends or Facebook. This information is important for the project so we can see how we can reach out to more people and increase the participation of the conference. This year the Host Team worked hard on communications and were actively talking with friends about it and posting a lot on facebook, which we also can see that it gave results. Instagram is a fairly new channel that UMUN has been trying on and as we can see for now it have not been so successful in gathering people but we have worked hard with developing our channel on Instagram and hope that it will be more successful in the future.

Economic Report

Uppsala Model United Nations is grateful to all its financiers from receiving the funding that made the conference not only possible but the true success that it was. On behalf of the Uppsala Model United Nations 2019 Host Team we want to direct a special thanks to the Folke Bernadotte Academy and the Municipality of Uppsala. Furthermore, we want to extend our thanks to Uppsala University and Uppsala House of Peace for letting us rent the locals at a generous discounts.

Funding applications

Uppsala Model United Nations is according to its “Styrdokument” depending on receiving external funding to undertake the project. There is no guarantee that the project will receive funding UF Uppsala and the UNA, UMUN is eligible to apply for funding from available grants within the two partner organizations. However, the funding available with the two partner organizations is not sufficient to undertake the project. As such UMUN 2019 applied for two grants:

Grant name	Actor	Status	Amount (SEK)
Projektbidrag - Små projekt	Folke Bernadotte Akademin	Approved	97 740 Audited amount 74 600
Bidrag för representation	Uppsala Municipality	Approved	140 per participant = 13 580

Uppsala Model United Nations is dependent on the receiving grants to suffice for the expenses, this cover much of the fixed cost especially the rent of the University Main Building something that is also subsidized by Uppsala University as well as the rent Uppsala House of Peace for the welcoming mingle. Furthermore, the conference is partly funded by the participants through a participation fee, this year it was 325 kr, this covers most of the variable costs such as food and materials.

The participation fee was also made separate from the price of the ticket to the Diplomat’s Dinner, which enabled participants to attend the conference without attending the dinner. Thanks to the generous funding by Uppsala Municipality the price of the dinner was subsidized and the cost was 245/275 kr (alcohol free alternative being slightly cheaper). As such the Diplomats Dinner was almost funded solely through the price of tickets together with the subsidy.

Income and Expenses

The following account of Income, Expenses and Balance, provides an insight into the economy of Uppsala Model United Nations after the 2019 conference.

For this conference we had the opportunity to rent one of the rooms in the University Mainbuilding for free. We are deeply grateful to Uppsala University for offering us to use this beautiful room for our conference. This also made a major change in our financial expenditure since the rental of facilities is the biggest expense in the budget for the project. Therefore we needed to audit our budget with FBA since it was such a big change and we would have had too big of a surplus.

Therefore the following account of Income, Expenses and Balance are based on the audited budget from FBA.

Income	Amount
FBA "Projektbidrag – Små projekt" Audited	74 600
Uppsala Municipality "Bidrag för representation"	13 580
Participation fees	21 867,82
Gasque Tickets	22 197,3
Total income	132 245,12
Outcome	Amount (SEK)
Bank account	1 411
Food & Fika	19 788,58
Gasque	38 719
Venues	42 395,9
Marketing	1 610,15
Misc	3 386
Social Events	10 784
Transportation	4 752,62
Website & Email	1 906,98
Total	124 754,23
Balance	
Total Income	132 245,12
Total Expenses	- 124 754,23
Result	+ 7 490,89

Final Comments and the Future of Uppsala Model United Nations

Uppsala Model United Nations 2019 was back again in the beautiful Uppsala University Main Building. The size of the Host Team was adapted to better suit the project, which meant that the team was slightly smaller than the year before (2018). The conference might not have attracted the most delegates to date, but the conference still managed to reach out a large group of students with different backgrounds from Sweden and the world, traveling from abroad, attending exchange in Sweden or Uppsala, or undertaking their full degrees in Uppsala or other parts of Sweden. Furthermore, the conference invited a large number of guests from Uppsala's student associations as well as local and national associations within the field of international affairs and representatives of Uppsala Municipality to the Diplomat's Dinner. The conference attracted prominent speakers and representatives to its Opening Ceremony and received acknowledgement as well as support from Uppsala University. The mingle at the Uppsala House of Peace was greatly appreciated and contributed to sharing the legacy of the Second Secretary General Dag Hammarskjöld with the participants. The project aspires to increase its number of beneficiaries by further integrating Uppsala Model United Nations as a natural part of the Uppsala Student life and at the same time make it relevant for everyone living in Uppsala. This shows how Uppsala Model United Nations have worked in achieving its goal of establishing a long term and sustainable engagement of young people regarding the role of the United Nations and anchor it locally in Uppsala.

The incoming Presidency will have to thoroughly consider how to increase participation, one thought that was discussed within the Host Team was to decrease the number of days from four to three, as this was often a reason given by people why they would not be able to partake.

The incoming Presidium will have to consider the policy of including only University students as delegates as there were a number of Upper Secondary Students that were turned away from participating as delegates, they were referred to participate as volunteers instead. This would lead to increased participation and also further integrate Uppsala Model United Nations as the natural platform for Uppsala and non-Uppsala based students to get involved with the challenges of the UN and the legacy of Dag Hammarskjöld, in Uppsala. This would also require that efforts for recruitment are increased and made more effective, the most effective strategies were bird-dogging lectures and setting up coffee-tables outside during the break, this would be needed to be carried out in regard to every target group that the project aims to attract. Other effective means of recruitment were posters, targeted posts on social media, mostly Facebook, and hosting introductory sessions for interested delegates.

UMUN wishes to further the collaboration with UNA, and one step towards that has been establishing that for coming years, one of their members will act as ombudsperson for UMUNs' host team. This is a step that will naturally deepen the bond between both organisations.

UMUN wishes to deepen the partnership with UF further during the coming years. This can be done by collaborations with their different clubs, such as the debate club and the program group, since there should be a lot of common interests. Furthermore, by sharing offices with UF, both organisations get to know each other naturally during the project.

Uppsala Model United Nations 2019 would have never been made possible without the Host Team, Delegates, Chairs, Volunteers, Speakers, Guests, the Uppsala Association of International Affairs, the United Nations Association of Uppsala, Uppsala University, Uppsala House of Peace, the Folke Bernadotte Academy, the Swedish United Nations Association, Uppsala Municipality, our Sponsors, the former Presidents of UMUN 2017 & 2018, and last but definitely not least Dag Hammarskjöld.